



# Green Architecture Day

## 25th March 2011

### **RETREAD:** Practical Ways To Deliver Low Impact Buildings

**Presented by Duncan Baker-Brown** RIBA  
of **BBM** sustainable design

[www.bbm-architects.co.uk](http://www.bbm-architects.co.uk)

# What Architect's Do





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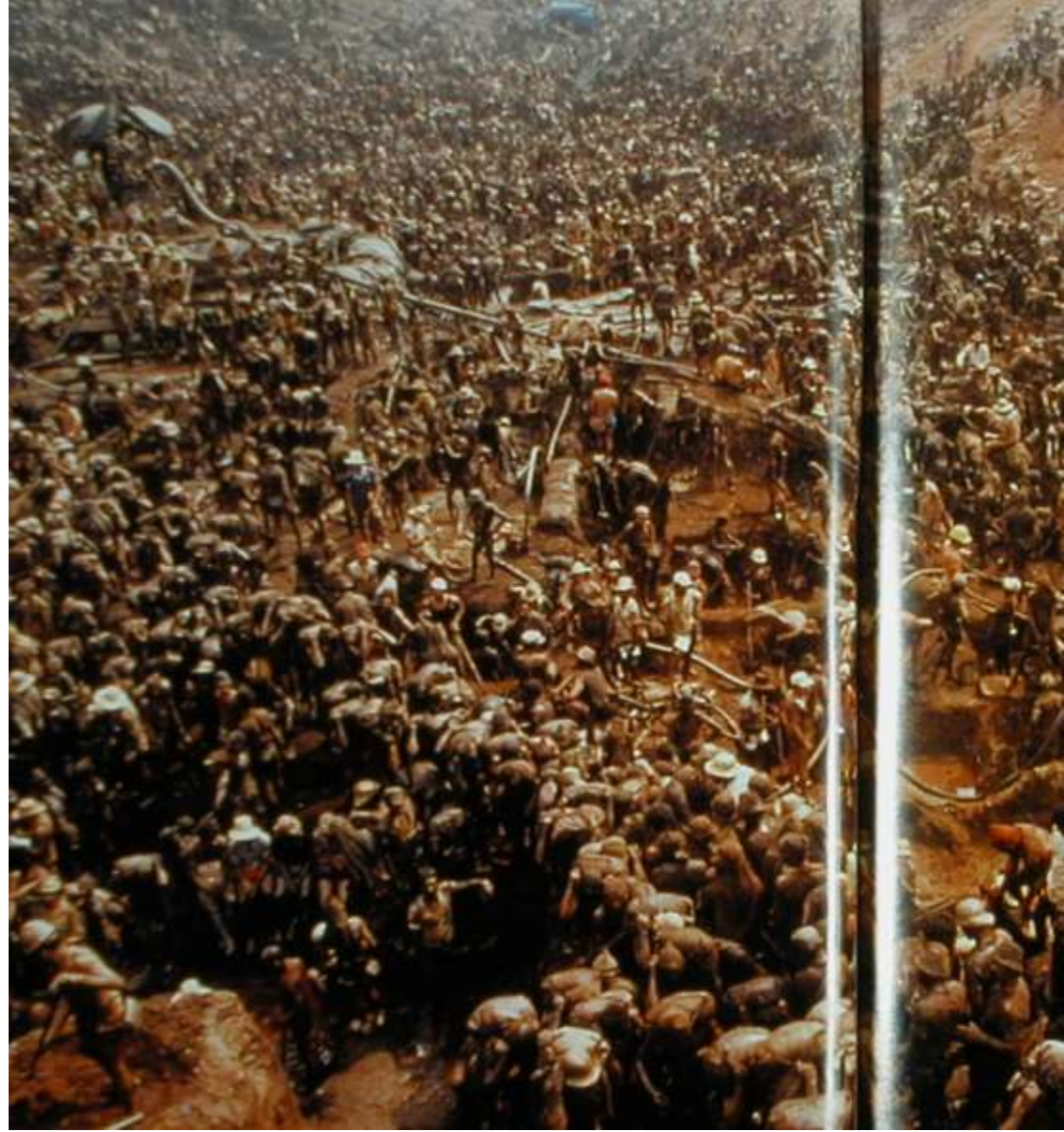


# What Architect's Do





**And this is where materials come from...**





**And this is what we do to redundant buildings...**





**And this is where materials end up.....**





**One Planet NOT Three!**



Earth





**Unfortunately  
this is  
Sustainable  
Design.....  
Hyderabad-sindh**



**However this is not...**  
**but it is beautiful!**





**but you learn something everyday...**



**Is this?**





Perhaps



# Perhaps





**I think this is....**  
**but how is it relevant?**



# Rural Studio....

## Carpet tiles





# Cottrell & Vermeulen....

Cardboard classroom



# Shigeru Ban....

Cardboard roles





# Architecture Student Project's



# Architecture Student Project's





# Architecture Student Project's





# Recycling is a big deal.....





# But in order of preference....

- **REDUCE**
- **REUSE**
- **RECYCLE**
- **Design for Demolition!**



# THE GOOD NEWS

- Everybody is talking about
  - saving energy & reducing CO<sub>2</sub>
  - reducing waste & water consumption
    - buying good local food
    - cycling to work



- **It saves lots money, adds value to property** - *UK Green Building Council stated that low carbon new built office buildings cost as little as 5-10% extra over 'normal' versions*
- **Green building can be at the heart of a low-carbon economic recovery**, *boosting growth and creating green collar jobs. This is particularly true in our leaky existing homes and buildings, where we need a massive programme of refurbishment to cut carbon, reduce energy bills and produce more comfortable places to live and work.....Green Building Council*
- **There are lots of new networks helping the construction industry to reduce waste**



# THE CURRENT REALITY

## Lights go out across Britain as recession hits home

Electricity demand falls as economy slows at fastest rate since 1980

Ashley Seager and Mark Milner

Britain's days as the fastest growing economy in Europe were officially declared over yesterday as the deepest recession in a generation saw consumers turning off the lights and Poles returning home.

While official figures showed the economy contracting at its fastest since 1980, National Grid said demand for electricity had fallen over Christmas at homes and factories across the land, and Poland confirmed that thousands of its citizens were coming home from Britain and Ireland.

National Grid said it was cutting its forecast for electricity consumption this year because of the recession. The thousands of people being laid off each week and the hundreds of firms cutting production are reducing demand.

Industry has suffered most in this recession and made the biggest contribution to the slump in national output, which fell by a worse-than-expected 1.5% in the fourth quarter of last year compared to the third - or around 6% on an annualised basis.

As the economy had contracted by 0.6% in the July to September period, Britain now meets the most common definition of a recession - two consecutive quarters of shrinkage. But some analysts say the country fell into recession last April.

Financial markets took fright at the sheer speed of the economy's contraction, which outpaced anything seen in the recession of the early 1990s.

The pound slumped to a fresh, 23-year low against the dollar of just \$1.35 - a far cry from the peak of \$2.11 seen last summer - and to an all-time low against the yen. The FTSE 100 share index fell below the key 4,000 level after the news, although it later recovered to end little changed.

"These figures are the final nail in the coffin for Gordon Brown's claim to have 'ended boom and bust'. The UK economy is most definitely bust at the moment," said Charles Davis at the Centre for Economics and Business Research.

"It is not just that the UK has entered recession; it is the size of the contraction... The economy is set for the steepest contraction in the post-war era in 2009."

Brown admitted the government had not seen what was coming: "What we did not see, nobody saw, was the possibility of markets' failure."

"We are fighting this global recession with every weapon at our disposal. We need other countries to work with us and we are asking them to agree with us a common set of measures."

He criticised David Cameron for having suggested Britain might need to go to the IMF for help in financing its bail-out of the creaking banking system. But Cameron insisted he was right to warn that the country faced the prospect of an IMF loan for the first time since 1976. "I think it's right to warn about that, I think it's a responsible thing to do," Cameron said.

He and the shadow chancellor, George Osborne, mocked Brown's claims last summer that the economy was better placed than in the past to withstand recession and would grow in spite of the credit crunch.

But TUC chief Brendan Barber blamed bankers and previous Tory governments for the economic mess: "This recession is not bad luck or an inevitable swing of the pendulum. Its cause is irresponsible behaviour by banks and financial institutions taking advantage of the deregulation started by Mrs Thatcher and president Reagan, and continued to a greater or lesser extent ever since."

Unemployment was this week reported to have jumped to nearly two million, and analysts say it would be much higher were it not for workers from countries such as Poland returning home.

Poland's treasury minister Aleksander Grad told the Guardian that the economy there, unlike Britain's, would avoid recession. Poland's banks had been regulated tightly and had not got into the toxic derivative products that have brought down banks around the world, said Grad.

National Grid said weekly peak electricity demand would fall by 500-1,000 megawatts, the equivalent of a large power plant, over the next year. The drop will ease the strain on power stations, some of which are facing closure because of age or environmental rules. It will also reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions.



4-5

# So How Did Pre-Industrial Society Cope?

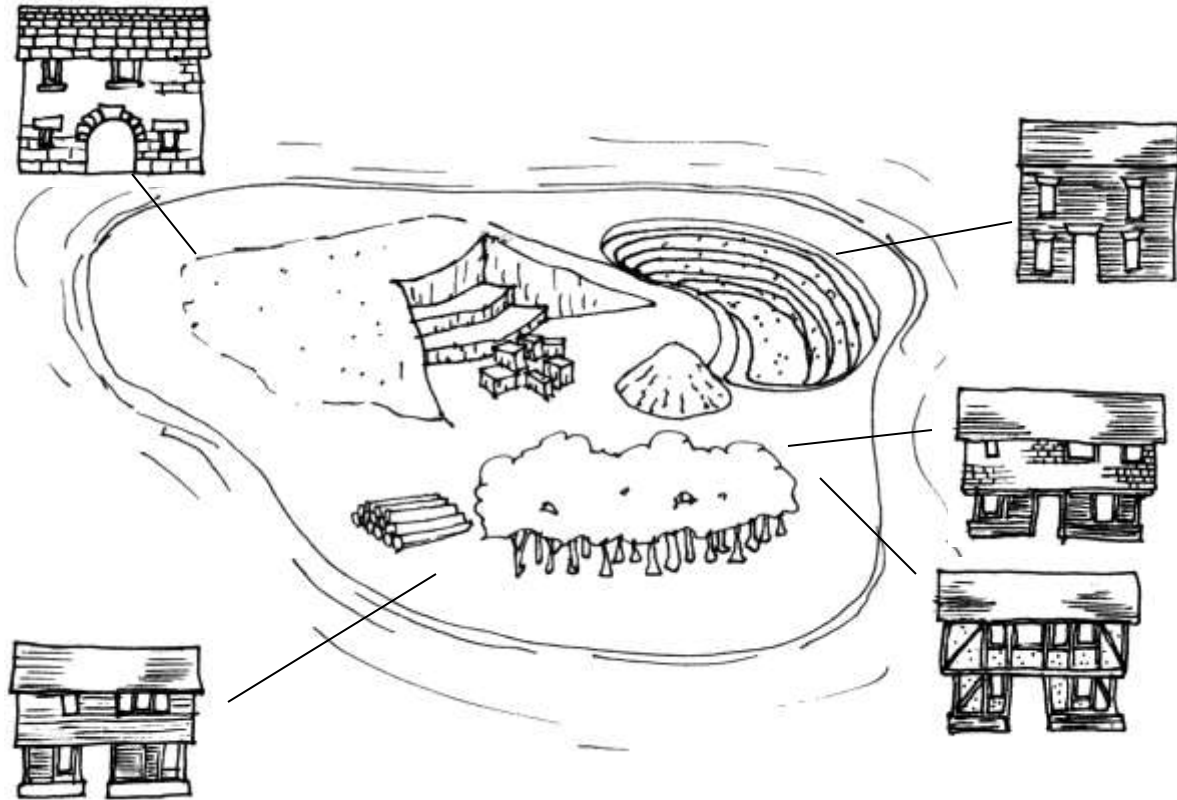


“...man has from age to age translated the manuscript of the earth into the terms of his own thought and use...To realize the differences between place and place; to observe the varieties in expression of the genius locci by noting the correspondences between the raw material below and the finished structure above the ground”

H.J. Massingham. Cotswold Country. Batsford Press. London. 1937. P.3

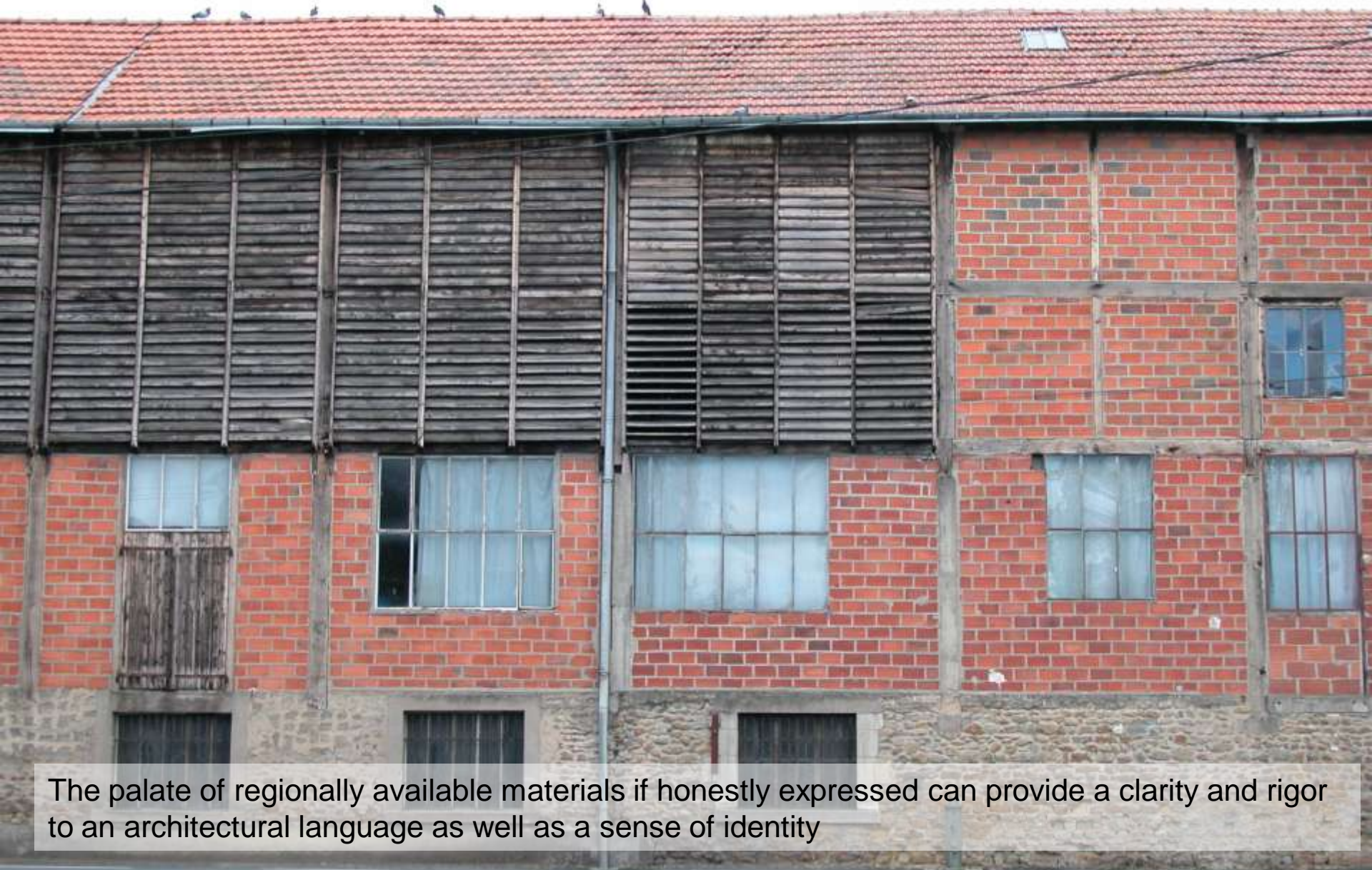


# Pertaining to Place



Vernacular styles of architecture were derived from the materials found close to the site - regional differences of geology and vegetation resulted in logical variations in constructional language

# Pertaining to Place



The palate of regionally available materials if honestly expressed can provide a clarity and rigor to an architectural language as well as a sense of identity



# Pertaining to Place



Understanding through learned experience produces a 'Genius Locci' where the sense of place is heightened by the logical translation of the land into domain





**Locking Carbon - not burning it**



# Sweet Chestnut:

## The Process



# Sweet Chestnut:

## The Process





# Sweet Chestnut:

## The Process



# Sweet Chestnut:

## Glue Laminated Column





# Understanding Materials



# RAMMED EARTH & CHALK





# RAMMED EARTH



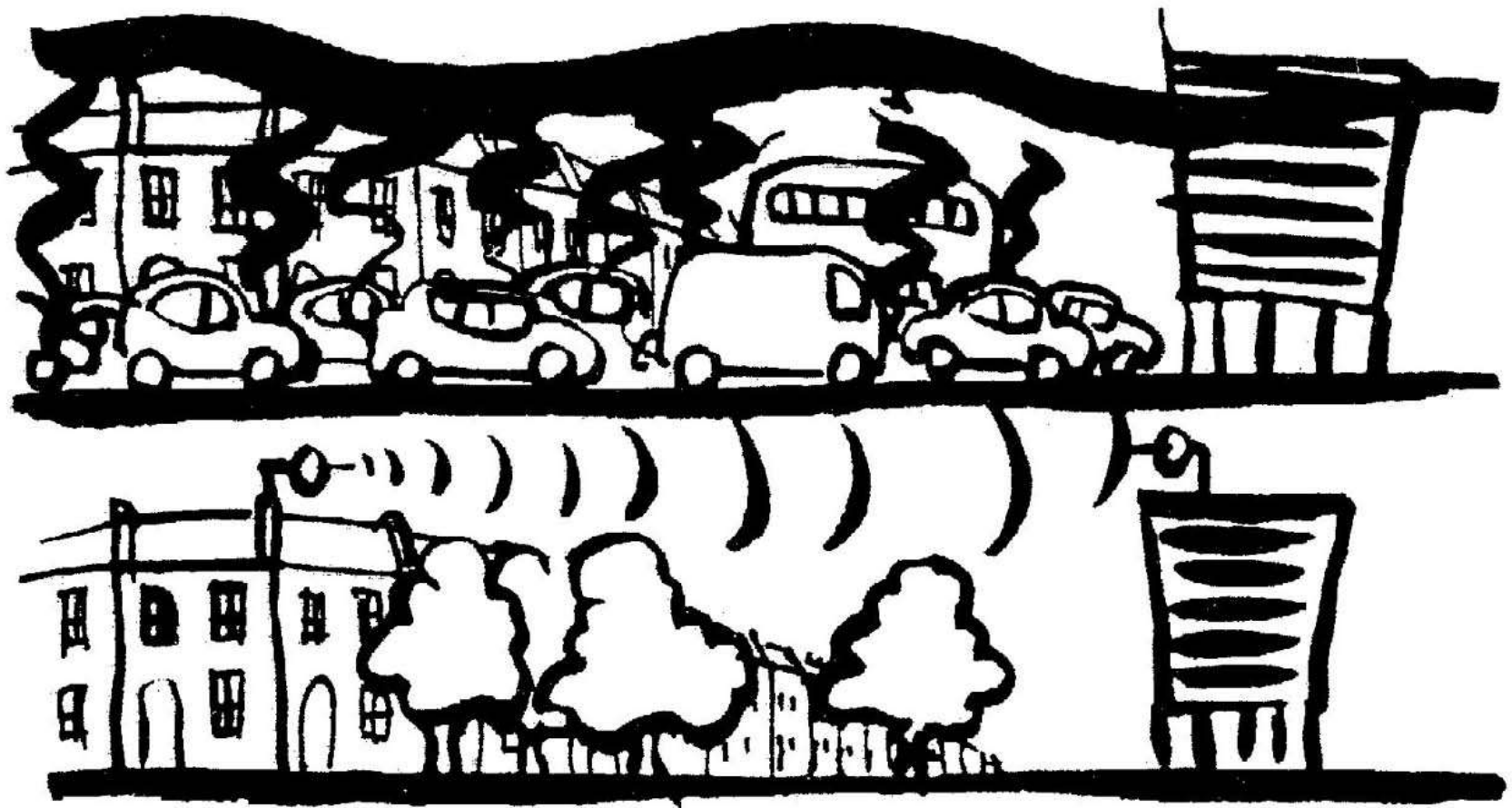
# But despite all the green features





**It's a change in lifestyle that  
really counts....**

**CityVision**



# We need good ideas... the Swiss Sound Box

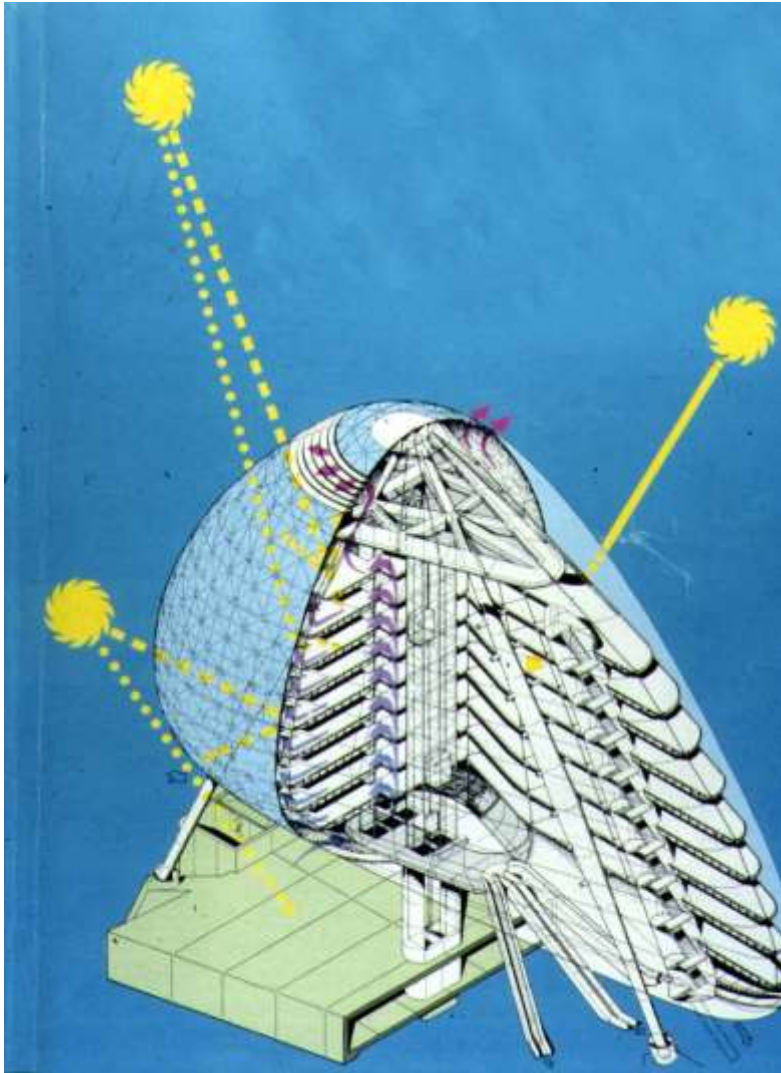




**We need good ideas...**  
**warm tarmac + solar juice**

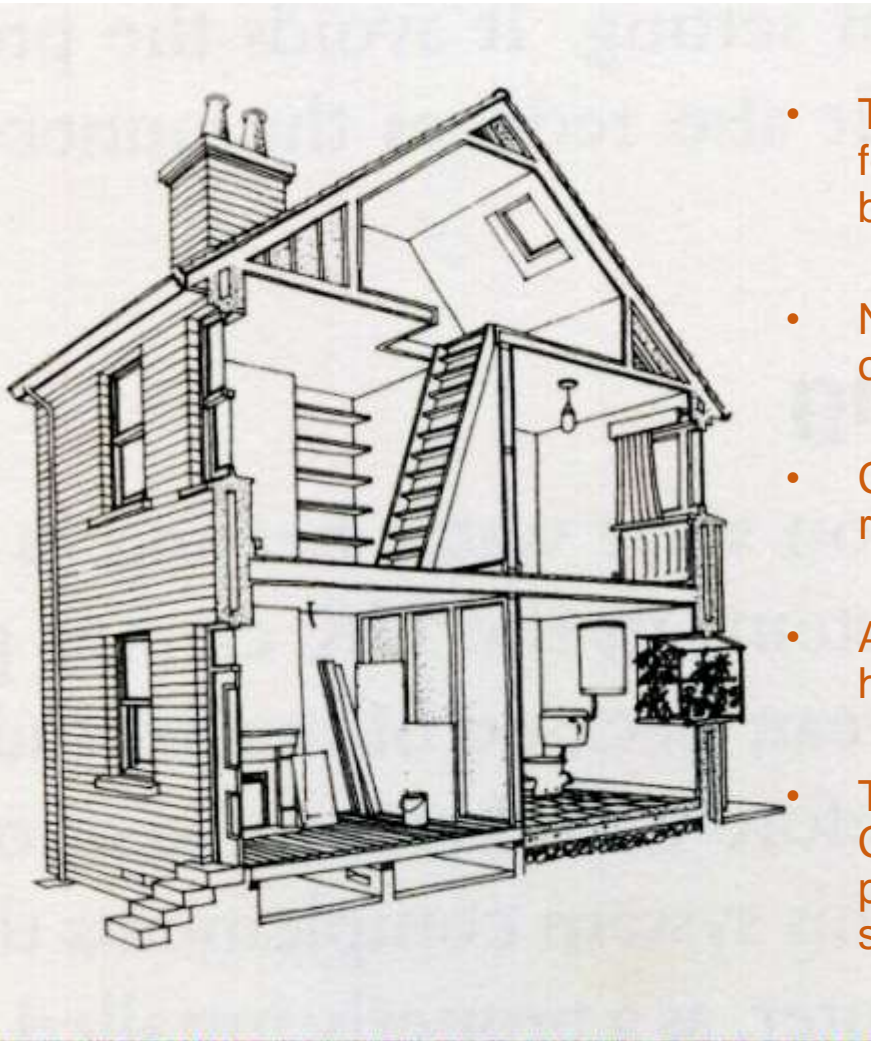


# But watch out for *greenwash*





# THE CHALLENGE



- To make a real impact on CO2 emissions we must focus on improving energy efficiency of existing building stock
- New buildings are well insulated but account for only 0.01% of building stock (each year)
- Central government requires CO2 emissions to be reduced by 80% by 2050.
- At current demolition rates we should expect to have 80% of our current building stock in 2050
- Therefore we need to retrofit existing homes to a Code Level 4 standard at least at a rate of 500,000 per year for 40 years!!..... And that doesn't allow for schools, offices etc..

# THESE ARE OUR FUTURE ECO TOWNS





# Working with Existing Buildings



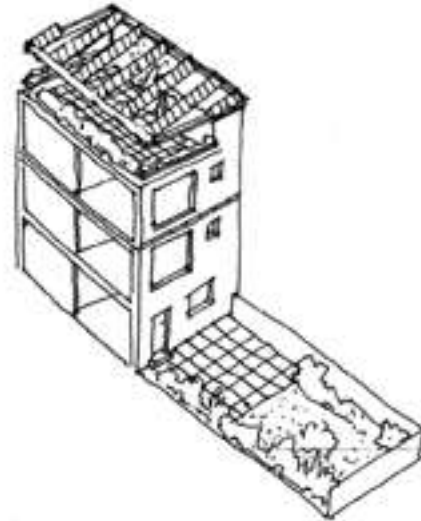
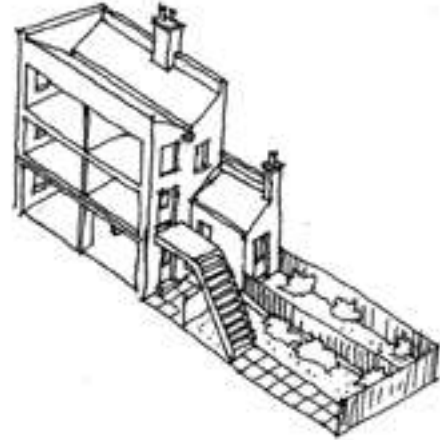
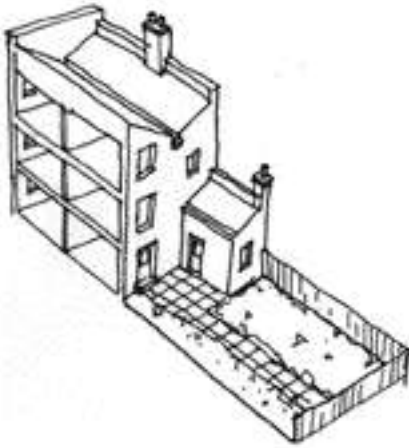
# Working with Existing Buildings





# Working with Existing Buildings

## The evolution of a terrace house



# Case Study

## SALFORD QUAYS

### Urban Splash





# Working with Existing Buildings

Jakob & Macfarlene's *Cite de la mode et du design* in Paris



# GREEN RETROFIT

House + Studio Hove





# GREEN RETROFIT

House + Studio Hove



**BEFORE!**

# Case Study

## The Bridge

G.I.A : 750m<sup>2</sup>

Type of Project: Rebuild on existing concrete footprint

Final Account: £1,500,000+vat

Cost/m<sup>2</sup> inc. renewables £2,000/m<sup>2</sup>

Contact Period: 11 Months

*On budget and 7 weeks ahead of time*

Renewables: 6kW Photovoltaic Panels  
+ 4m<sup>2</sup> evacuated tube panel

Utility Bills: “1/3 of that expected”





# Case Study

## The Bridge



# Case Study

## The Bridge





# Case Study

## The Bridge



# Case Study

## The Bridge





# Case Study

## The Bridge



# Case Study

## The Bridge





# Case Study

## The Bridge



# Case Study

## The Bridge





# Case Study

## The Bridge



# Case Study

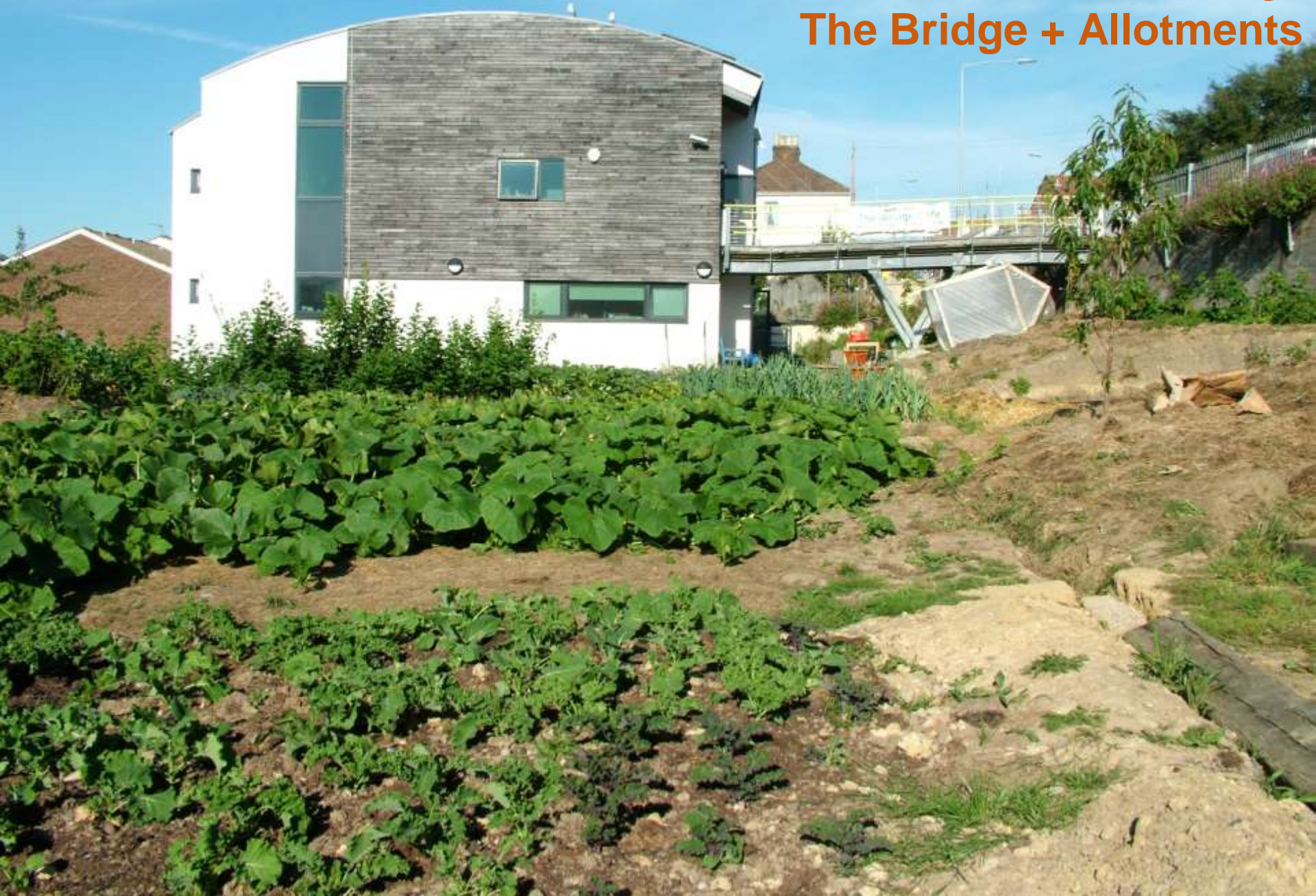
## The Bridge





# REBUILD: Case Study

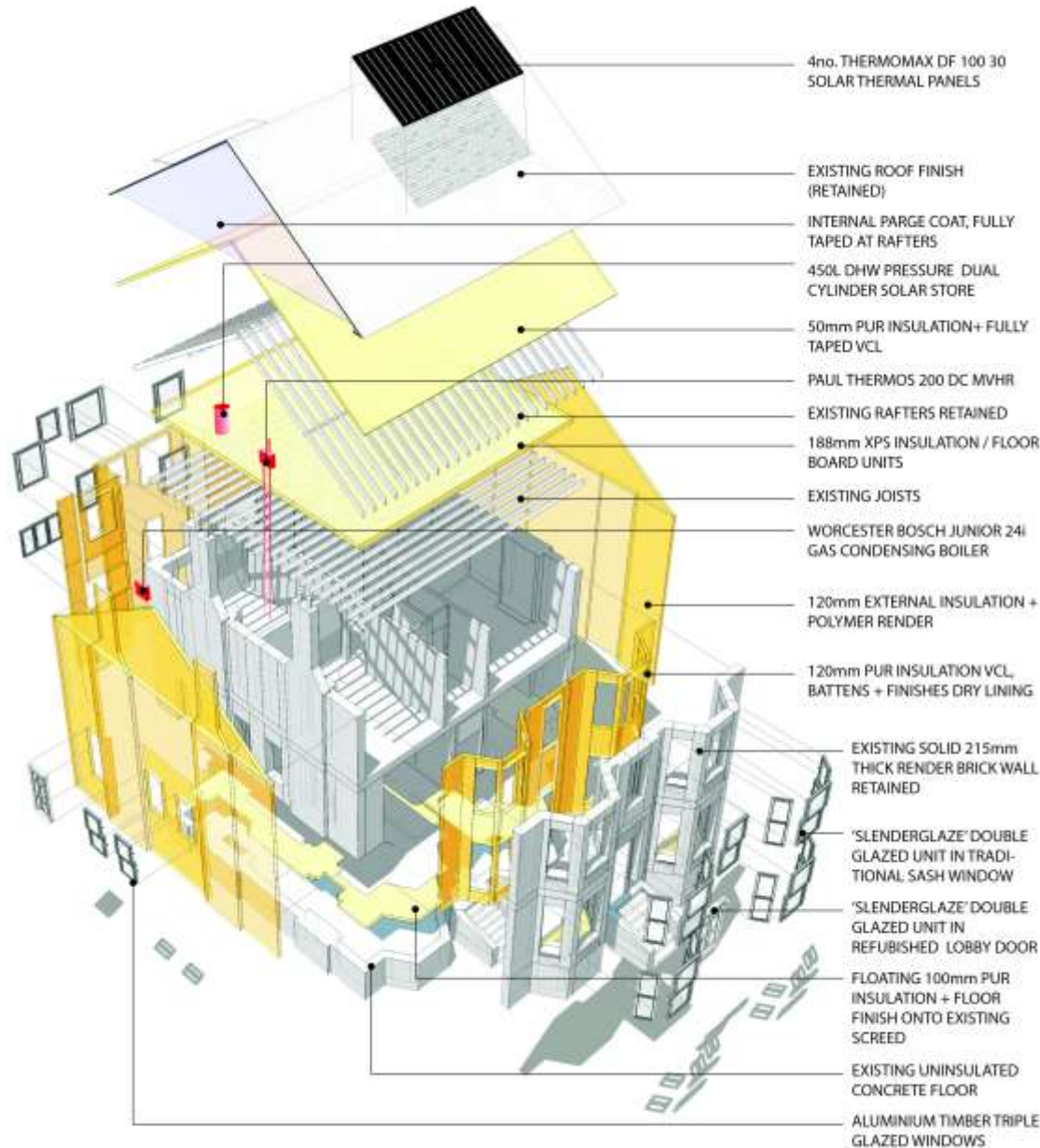
## The Bridge + Allotments





# T.S.B. RETROFIT THE FUTURE

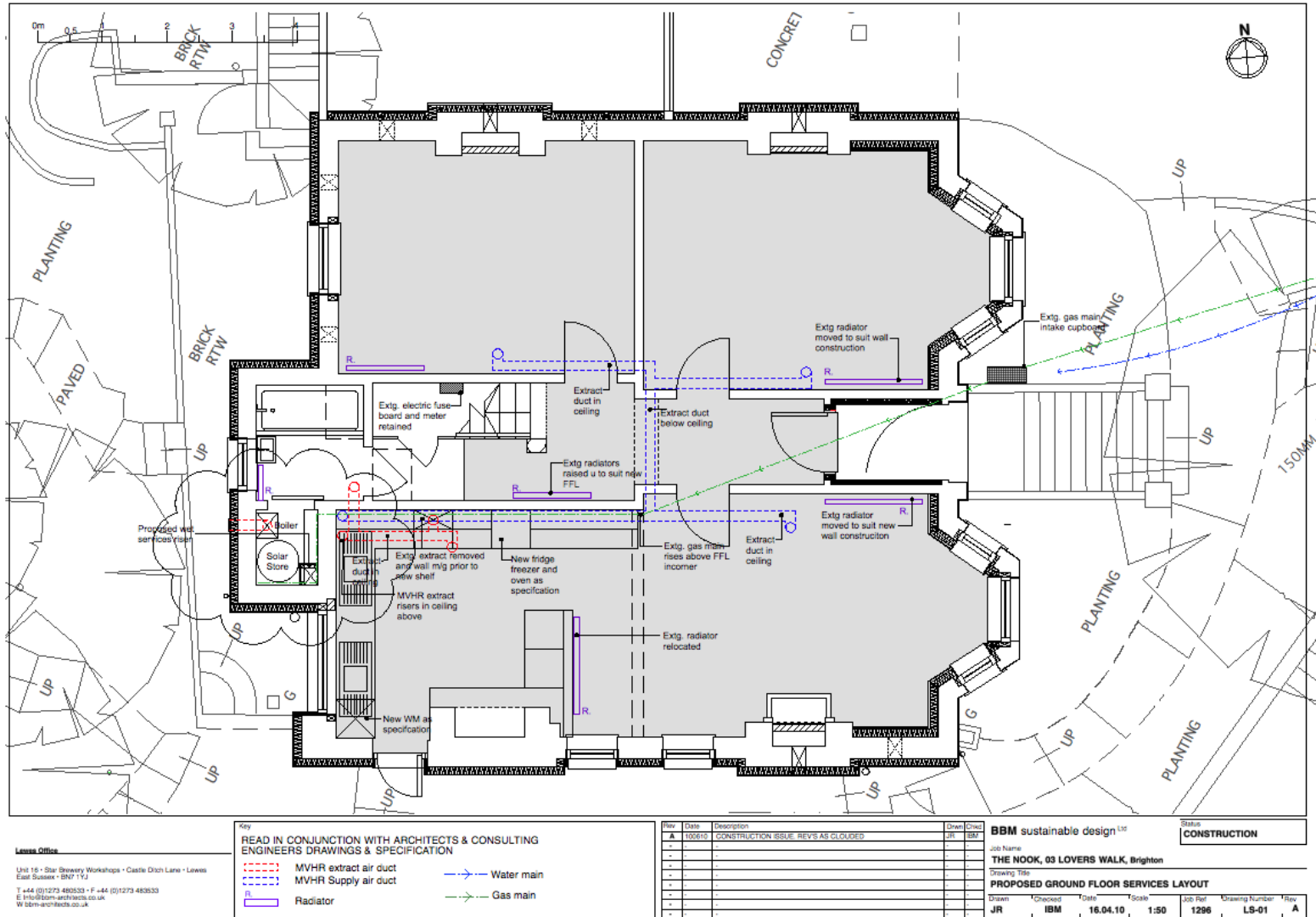
## The Nook Brighton





# T.S.B. RETROFIT THE FUTURE

## The Nook Brighton



This architectural section drawing illustrates a three-story building with a gabled roof. The drawing includes a scale bar at the top left (0m to 4m) and a north arrow. The building is divided into several rooms and areas, each labeled with a code: L01 - LOFT, F08 - LANDING, G07 - BATHROOM, F04 - WC, F03 - BATHROOM, F01 - HALLWAY, G04 - HALLWAY, and G03 - ENTRANCE LOBBY. The drawing also shows various construction details and materials, such as roof structure, insulation, ventilation, and floor finishes. Key features include:
 

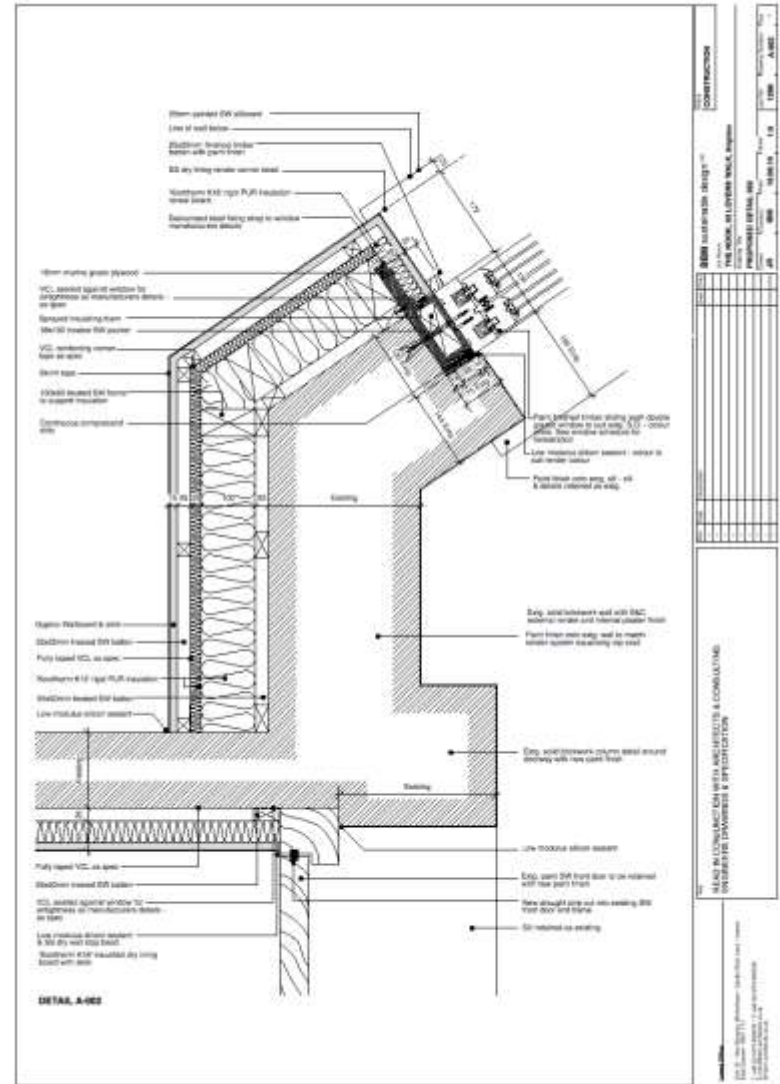
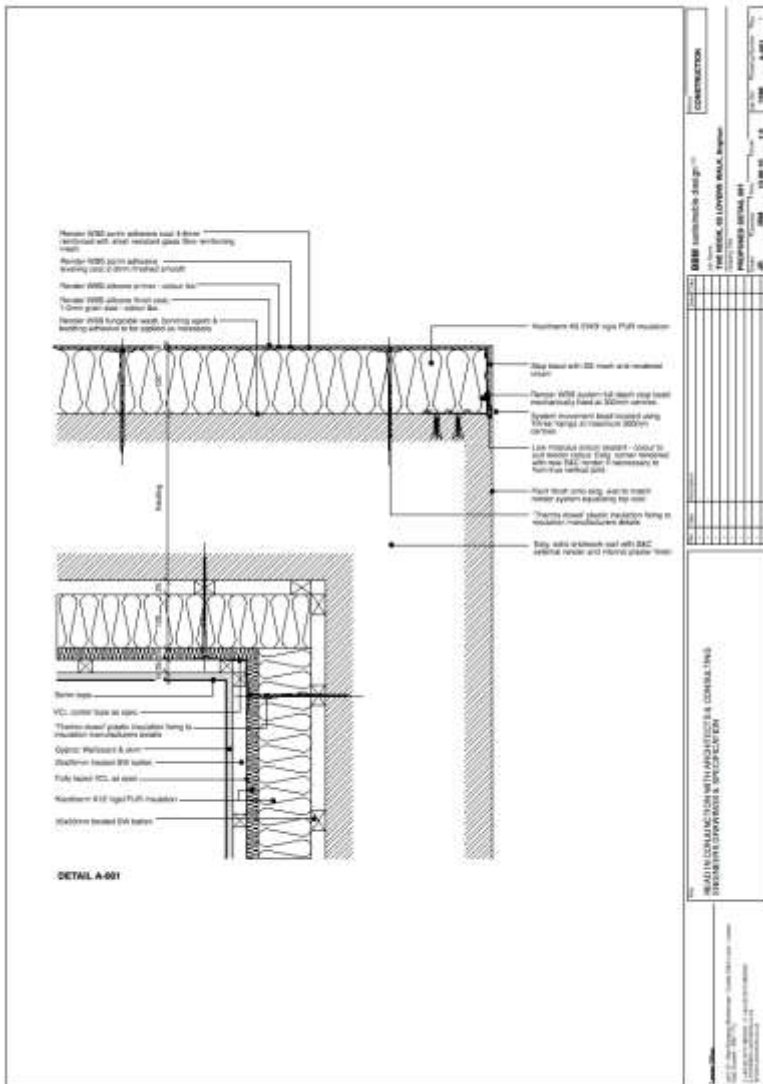
- Roof:** Exposed roof structure with rafters and supports retained. Exposed cold water storage tanks retained and raised to suit new floor construction. Extract and supply air ductwork to MVHR in service zone formed with new studwork perimeter wall. Proposed ventilation tiles as specification. Zinc roof mounted solar thermal panels as specification. New studwall to form service zone over joists. Proposed ventilation tiles as specification.
- Walls:** External walls (EXT. WALL TYPE - 1, - 2, - 3) and internal walls (INT. WALL TYPE - 1, - 2, - 3) are shown. Some walls are to be retained, while others are new or to be modified.
- Floors:** Floor types 1, 2, and 3 are indicated. Details include rigid insulation stuck to the loft side as Roof Type 1, with air tight seal; new studwork perimeter wall; and new energy efficient sliding sash window and SW sill as specification.
- Windows and Doors:** New circular soffit ventilators, new triple glazed window and SW sill board, and new internal door and fanlight over are specified. Existing window and SW sill board are to be retained and decorated to match render finish.
- Stairs and Landings:** A staircase is shown on the left side, leading to the landing (F08). The landing has a new triple glazed window and SW sill board.
- Basement/Foundation:** The drawing shows the foundation and basement level. Details include SS drip at junction of render system - to be 300mm above external ground level as drawn; insulation to be taken down to be 300mm below bottom of internal floor insulation or 150mm below external ground level, whichever is lowest; and new SW bullnose step up to new floating floor.
- Other Details:** MVHR supply ductwork to Bedrooms 1 & 2 below ceiling; boxed in services over; and various insulation and ventilation details are shown throughout the building.

|       |         |          |       |         |                |     |
|-------|---------|----------|-------|---------|----------------|-----|
| Drawn | Checked | Date     | Scale | Job Ref | Drawing Number | Rev |
| JB    | IBM     | 16.04.10 | 1:50  | 1296    | L-13           | A   |



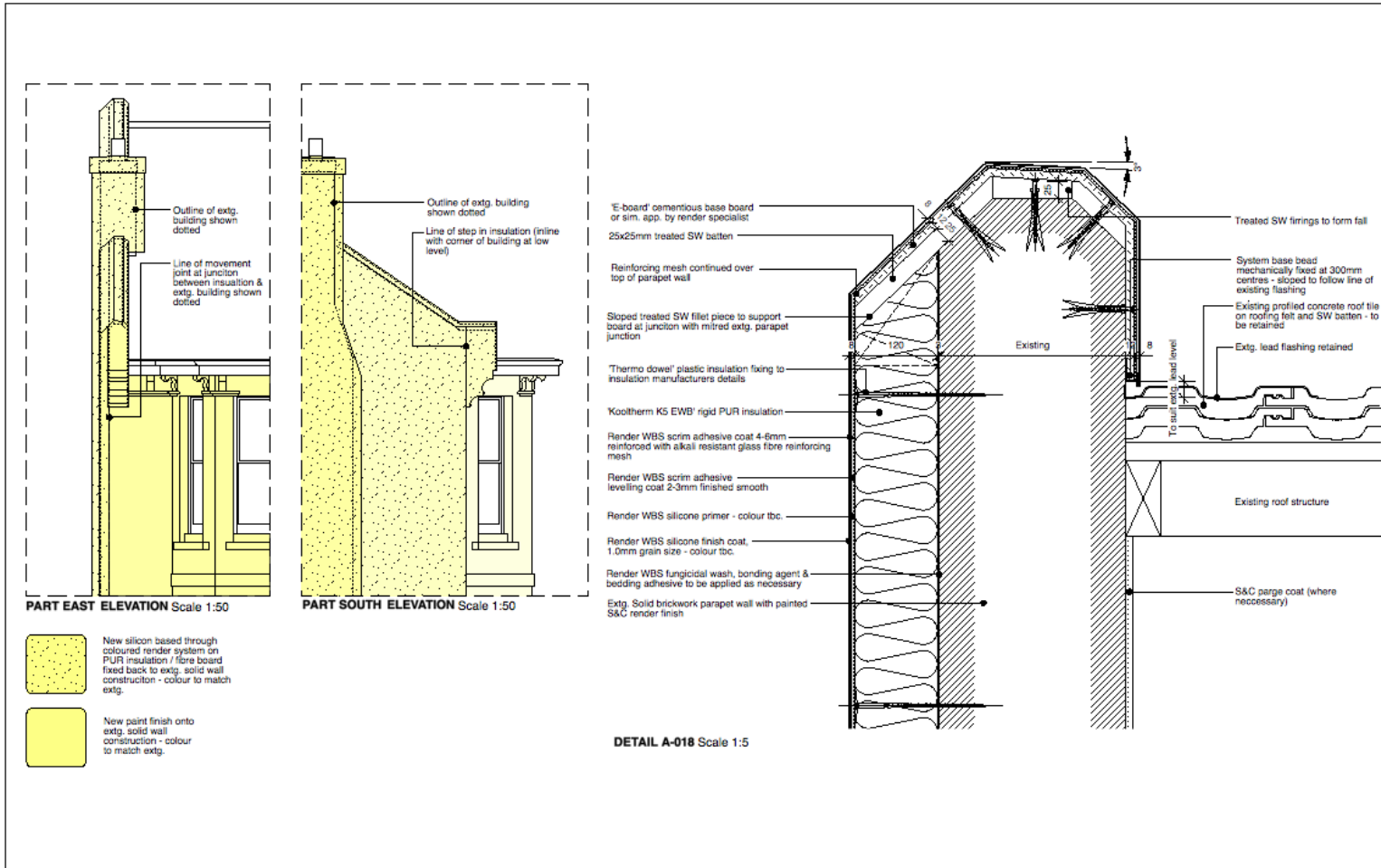
# T.S.B. RETROFIT THE FUTURE

## The Nook Brighton



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## The Nook Brighton



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READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH ARCHITECTS & CONSULTING  
ENGINEERS DRAWINGS & SPECIFICATION

| Rev | Date | Description | Drawn | Checked |
|-----|------|-------------|-------|---------|
| 1   |      |             |       |         |
| 2   |      |             |       |         |
| 3   |      |             |       |         |
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| 8   |      |             |       |         |
| 9   |      |             |       |         |
| 10  |      |             |       |         |

BBM sustainable design Ltd

Job Name  
THE NOOK, 03 LOVERS WALK, Brighton

Drawing Title

PROPOSED DETAIL, 018, Part East & South Elevation Details

| Drawn | Checked | Date     | Scale | Job Ref | Drawing Number | Rev |
|-------|---------|----------|-------|---------|----------------|-----|
| JR    | IBM     | 10.06.10 | Var.  | 1296    | A-018          | -   |

Status  
CONSTRUCTION



# T.S.B. RETROFIT THE FUTURE

## The Nook Brighton



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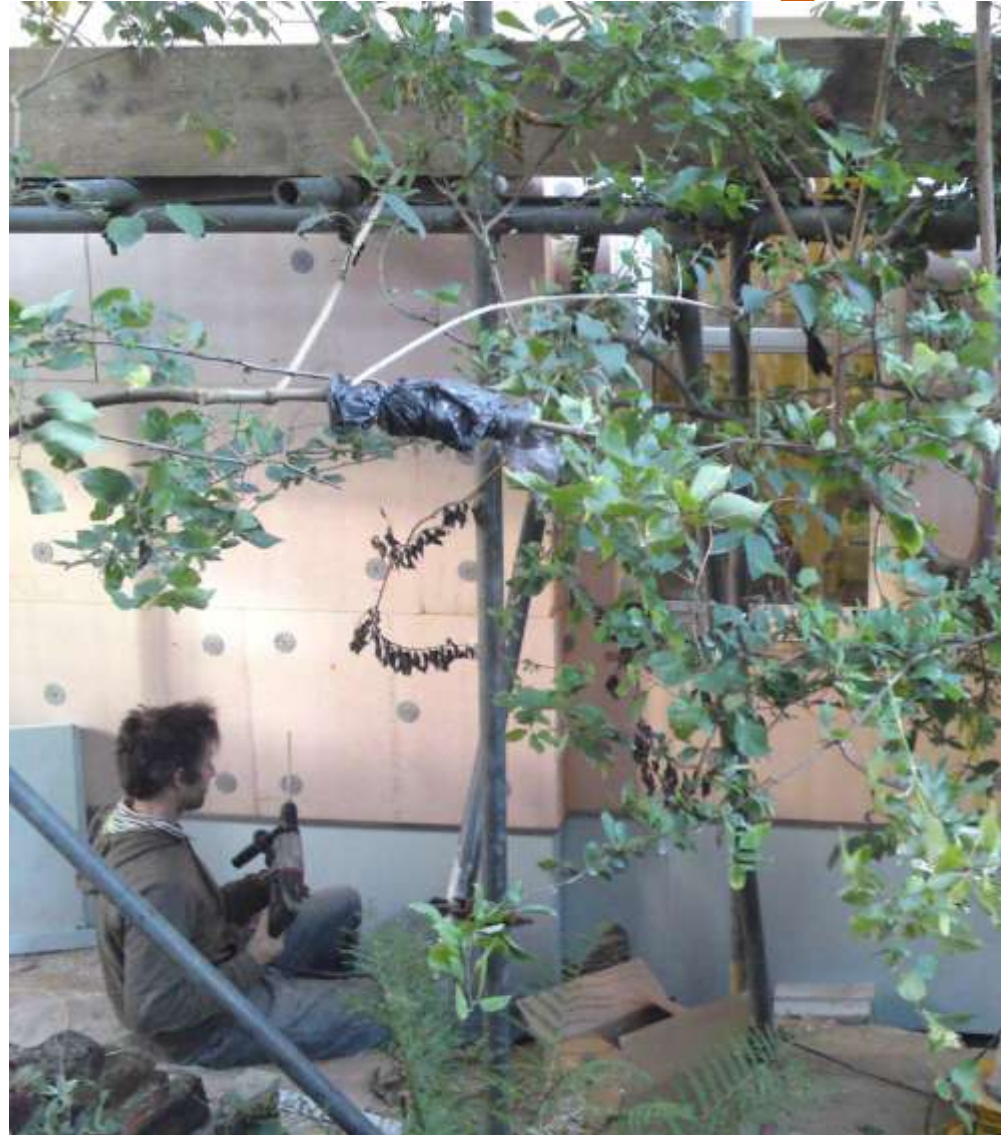
# T.S.B. RETROFIT THE FUTURE

## The Nook Brighton



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# T.S.B. RETROFIT THE FUTURE

## The Nook Brighton



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## The Nook Brighton





# T.S.B. RETROFIT THE FUTURE

## The Nook Brighton



**Construction Cost** = £100,000 + vat

Of that £70,000+vat on building fabric  
&  
£30,000+vat on services

**Cost per flat** = £21,666.67 + vat +  
Design Fees

**Air permeability** result was  
3.00 m<sup>3</sup>/m<sup>2</sup>.hr@50Pa

**Air changes** were down 2.5 per hour

# GREEN RETROFIT

Hamsey Village Hall



**BEFORE!**



# GREEN RETROFIT

Hamsey Village Hall



# GREEN RETROFIT

## Hamsey Village Hall



G.I.A : 146m<sup>2</sup>

Mayor refurbishment of existing building & 37m<sup>2</sup> extension

Final Account: £207,000+vat

Cost/m<sup>2</sup> inc. renewables £1,417/m<sup>2</sup>

Grants for construction from DEFRA/  
VIRADOR/ BIFFA

100% Grants for renewables worth  
£38.5k 50% from EDF + 50% Clear  
Skies



# GREEN RETROFIT

## Hamsey Village Hall



### RENEWABLES:

- **after year one the wind turbine generated:**

6,700 Kwh of electricity with the wind turbine. The charity have signed up with Good Energy and their payback scheme pays 9p/Kwh hour. This gave an income of £603. The electricity bill for the first year was £413!

***BBM's first Carbon Negative Building!***

# GREEN RETROFIT

Little England Farm



**BEFORE**



# GREEN RETROFIT

Little England Farm



# GREEN RETROFIT

## Little England Farm





# GREEN RETROFIT

Little England Farm



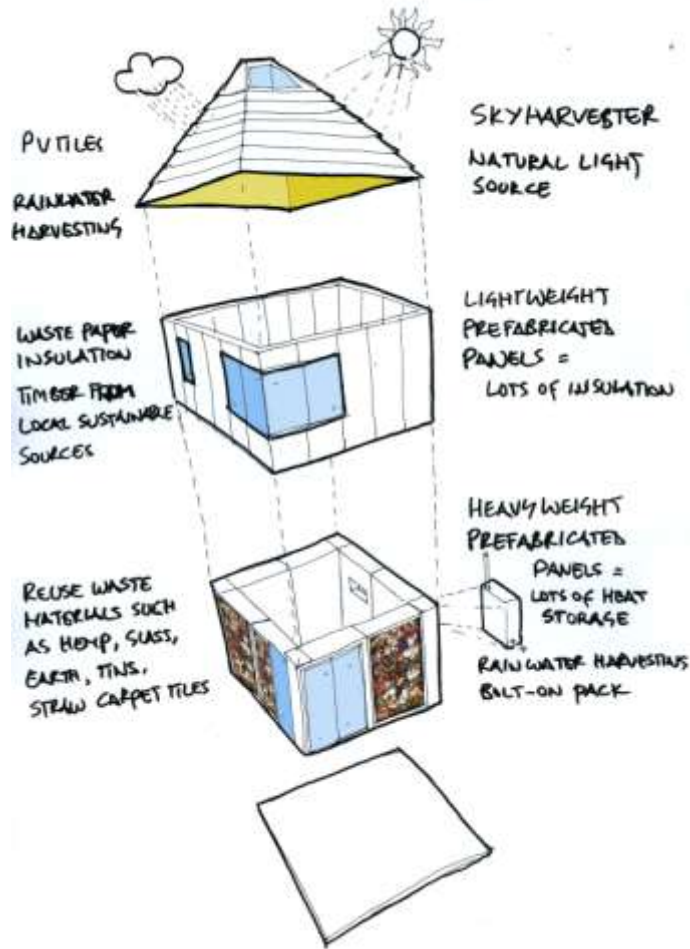
# GREEN RETROFIT

Little England Farm





# THTKB: THE CHALLENGE



- To create Europe's first truly environmentally-friendly 'Prefab' house
- Using predominately non-toxic, organic, locally-sourced, replenishable and/or secondhand/ waste materials
- To use fully integrated rooftop 'renewables'
- And do it live on TV in 6 days!

# THTKB: THE IDEA

- To combine two brand new innovative green prefab systems
- **MODCELL** - Heavyweight, highly insulated, locally sourced, affordable replenishable/ waste materials -combining a minimal amount of expensive engineered timber plus cheaper straw/ lime/ hemp  
*Creating* cellular, self-cooling/ warming ground floor bedrooms & bathroom
- **FACIT** - Lightweight, highly insulated, replenishable/ waste materials, all cut out with a computer controlled router  
*Creating* double height open plan living room/ kitchen/ dining room 'balloon'
- Both designed by UK Architects pushing the boundaries





# THTKB: THE AMBITION



- To prove that fluffy, crumbly, organic low carbon materials can compete with their more established high energy high carbon counterparts
- To focus on prefabrication because it reduces wastage on site to a minimum (up pf 20% of building material ends up in landfill using traditional 'wet' trades
- To use high tech construction methods to reduce time on site, material waste and accuracy on site
- To prove that an understanding of lightweight material to insulate and heavyweight materials to store energy will mean that you don't have to rely too much on expensive high tech gear to create a low carbon house

# MODCELL's off-site Flying Factory





# MODCELL's off-site Flying Factory



# DAY 1: MODCELL ON SITE





# DAY 2: THATCH



# DAY 2: UPSTAIRS WITH FACIT





# DAY 2: UPSTAIRS WITH FACIT



# DAY 2: UPSTAIRS WITH FACIT





# DAY 2: THTKB



# DAY 3





# DAY 3: RAMMED EARTH



# DAY 3: TOPPING OUT





# DAY 4: ACCOYA WINDOWS



# RUBBER ROOF/ PAPER LINING





# DAY 4: GLASS SOLAR TILES



# SOLAR THERMAL & PHOTOVOLTAIC





# RECYCLED PAPER & PLY CLADDING



# DAY 5: COMPLETE





# DAY 5: COMPLETE



# DAY 5: ENTRANCE HALL





# DAY 5: BATHROOM



# DAY 5: THE LIVING ROOM





# DAY 5: THE DINING ROOM



# The House that Kevin Built



**G.I.A : 85m<sup>2</sup>**

**Type of Project: Prefab New build**

**Final Account: £170,000+vat**

**Estimated Cost/m<sup>2</sup> inc. renewables  
£2,000/m<sup>2</sup>**

**Contact Period: 5 days**

**Energy Rating: A+**

**Code For Sustainable Homes  
Rating: Level 5**

**Renewables:  
Solar Thermal Glass Tiles  
1.5kW Photovoltaic Tiles**



# 4000 PEOPLE IN TWO DAYS

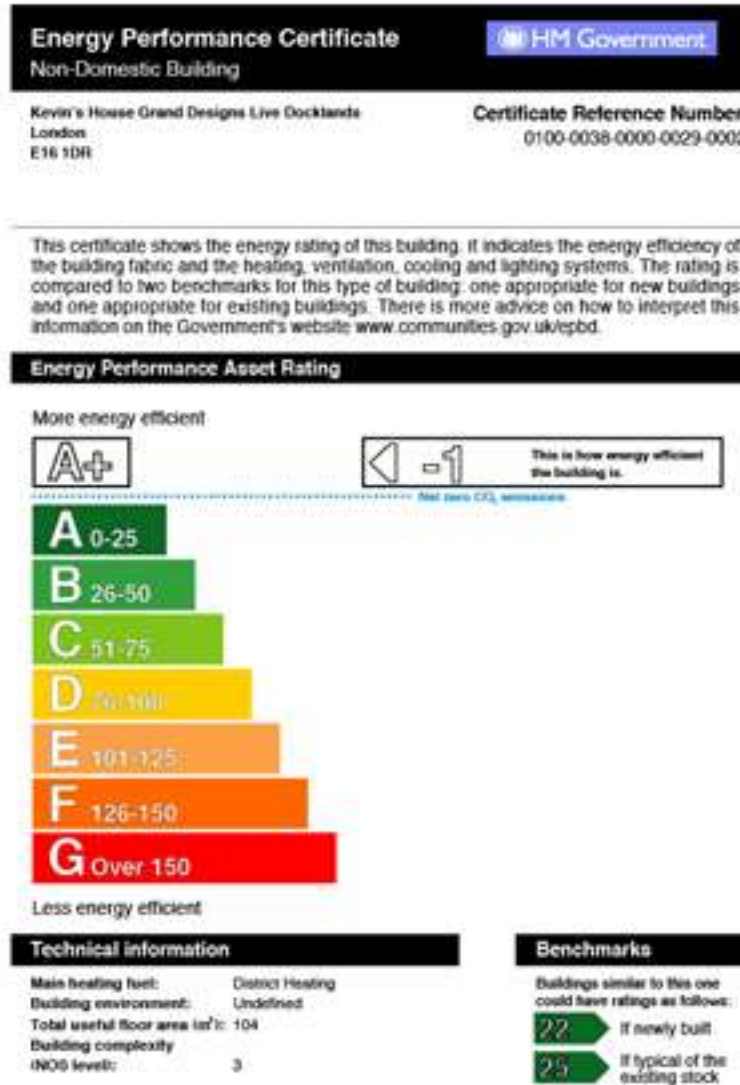


# PRECISION CUTTING & FABRICATION





# UK'S FIRST A+ RATED HOUSE!



# THTKB: REBUILT @ GRAND PARADE





# THTKB: REBUILT @ GRAND PARADE



<http://arts.brighton.ac.uk/thtkb>